



**KMC COLLEGE OF LAW**  
TIRUPUR

Affiliated to The Tamil Nadu Dr. Ambedkar Law University, Chennai  
and Approved by the Bar Council of India, New Delhi

# 1<sup>st</sup> KMC National Moot Court Competition, 2025



**25.09.2025 to 27.09.2025**

KMC College of Law, Kanakkampalayam Road,  
Perumanallur, Tirupur, Tamil Nadu 641 666

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# ABOUT KMC COLLEGE OF LAW

The College is nestled in the city of Tirupur. Tirupur is a city in the state of Tamil Nadu, with a population of 45 lakh and home to around 600 schools. KMC College of Law is the first and only institution in the district to provide for graduation in law. KMC College of Law, Tirupur is a premier legal institution committed to academic excellence and practical exposure. Affiliated with TamilNadu Dr. Ambedkar Law University, Chennai and approved by the Bar Council of India, the college nurtures aspiring legal professionals with a balance of theoretical foundations and courtroom skills. Situated in the textile hub of South India, the institution believes in the transformative power of legal education and advocacy.



The College is established with a mission to inspire, innovate, nurture and reinvigorate in the future lawyers of the institution, what it takes to be a true cosmopolitan, an efficient lawyer, a capable human being, and one who aims to better the lives of the unfortunate. Further, it has a mission to pioneer legal education reforms, and to anchor the transformation of the Indian legal system through research and policy interventions.

KMC College of Law endeavors to secure all-round contribution for the betterment of the field of law, to create world-class professionals, to produce committed academicians and law reformers, to train justice dispensers and invigorate community crusaders and, to create a strong watershed of new and upcoming expertise in law relating to business and corporate matters. The College derives its strength and ethos from the highly qualified and dedicated faculty.

Students have the opportunity to participate in moot courts and debates at a competitive level, both domestically and internationally. The numerous guest lectures, events and discussions will help the students acquire the required skills and valuable networks. This is further enhanced by various committees that will instil street-smartness and other managerial skills in the students.

Spread across a sprawling 13-acre campus in Tirupur, the College offers a fully air-conditioned, Wi-Fi-enabled environment with world-class amenities—including smart classrooms, an extensive library, quality student housing, and all essential facilities.

Equipped with all the necessary facilities and an effective team to utilise the same for their best advantage, the College is committed to serve as a breeding ground for future leaders.

# ABOUT MOOT COURT ASSOCIATION

The Moot Court Association (MCA) of KMC College of Law is the official body entrusted with organising, regulating, and advancing all mooting and courtroom simulation activities within the institution. With a strong emphasis on experiential learning, the MCA offers a structured platform for students to develop essential lawyering skills, including legal research, drafting memorial, oral advocacy, and case analysis.

The MCA actively hosts and facilitates participation in various national and international moot court competitions, client counselling sessions, mediation and negotiation tournaments, and mock trials. It ensures students are equipped with the tools and training necessary to perform with professionalism and competence in real-world legal settings.

Every academic year, the MCA establishes a policy framework outlining the selection process and rules governing internal and external mooting activities. Internal rounds—including the Freshers' Moot and Senior Moot—are conducted to identify talented mooters who are then eligible to represent the college at prestigious platforms across India and beyond.



Students receive comprehensive guidance and training through orientation programs, workshops, and practice rounds under the guidance of experienced faculty coordinators. The MCA is committed to nurturing the next generation of legal professionals by instilling in them the discipline, ethics, and courtroom demeanor required for successful legal practice.

## ABOUT THE COMPETITION

KMC College of Law, Tirupur, is proud to present its 1<sup>st</sup> National Moot Court Competition in 2025—a flagship event aimed to bring together some of the brightest legal minds from across the country. This prestigious competition offers an intellectually stimulating platform for law students to engage in simulated courtroom advocacy, sharpening their skills in research, drafting, and oral argumentation.

The competition will challenge participants to navigate through intricate legal problems and present compelling arguments before an esteemed panel of judges comprising members from the judiciary, academia, and the legal profession. Participants will be required to draft memorials and engage in rounds of rigorous oral submissions, replicating real-life litigation dynamics.

Designed to promote analytical thinking, legal reasoning, and persuasive advocacy, the event serves not only as a competition but also as a unique opportunity for learning and professional growth. It encourages students to strengthen their understanding of complex legal issues while building connections with peers and practitioners from across the country.

With a strong commitment to fostering legal excellence, KMC's First National Moot Court Competition promises to be an enriching and memorable experience for all participants.

# MOOT PROPOSITION

1. The Republic of Vindhya is a federal, constitutional democracy comprised of twenty-eight States and eight Union Territories. The Constitution of Vindhya, enacted in 1950, establishes representative parliamentary system with a bicameral legislature. The Lok Sabha (House of the People), the directly elected lower chamber of Parliament, is constituted based on universal adult suffrage and proportional representation, as delineated by Articles 81 to 84 of the Constitution. The allocation of seats to each State within the Lok Sabha is primarily determined by its population, as recorded in the national census conducted every ten years.
2. In 2001, Vindhya's Parliament enacted the Eighty-Fourth Constitutional Amendment Act, which suspended the reallocation of Lok Sabha seats based on population changes. This measure was introduced with the purpose of safeguarding the political representation of States that had successfully implemented population control measures, particularly in the southern and northeastern regions. The amendment prohibited any new delimitation based on population until the first census conducted after the year 2026. Consequently, for over two decades, the allocation of seats in the Lok Sabha remained tied to the 1971 Census, despite significant demographic shifts across various regions.
3. Under normal circumstances, the subsequent national census would have been conducted in 2021. However, the outbreak of the COVID-19 global pandemic, which affected Vindhya in early 2020, resulted in extensive disruption to governance, migration, and public health services. The national census was consequently postponed indefinitely on public health grounds. Although the pandemic subsided considerably by mid-2022 and most government operations resumed, the Union of Vindhya consistently delayed census preparations, citing administrative unpreparedness and the necessity for enhancement of digital infrastructure. Opposition parties and federalist scholars criticised this postponement as unjustified, asserting that the lack of current demographic data compromised policy-making, fiscal planning, and electoral fairness.
4. The 2024 general elections were conducted without the implementation of a new census. The incumbent administration, led by the National Progressive Alliance (NPA), was re-elected with a narrow majority, securing merely six seats above the threshold required for a majority. The performance of the NPA in the southern States was particularly inadequate. In the States of Dravida Nadu, Kudagu Desam,

Telinga Raj, Keranad, and Visakha Nadu, it secured fewer than 12 out of 130 available Lok Sabha seats. Exit polls, voter turnout analyses, and post-election

5. In early 2025, multiple opposition-ruled States advocated for the prompt execution of the long-overdue census. Nevertheless, in a sudden announcement made in mid-2025, the Union of Vindhya declared that the national census would be conducted in March 2027, describing it as the **“first technically equipped, digital census”**. Consequently, the 2027 census became the first to be conducted after 2026, thereby, according to the constitution, initiating the mandate for a new delimitation of parliamentary constituencies under Article 82.
6. The census results, published in September 2027, confirmed a significant demographic divergence among regions. In Northern and Central States such as Aryavarta, Madhyabhoomi, and Suryanagari, the recorded population growth exceeded 25% since the previous enumeration. Conversely, in Southern States like Dravida Nadu, Kudagu Desam, Telinga Raj, Keranad, and Visakha Nadu, reported modest growth rates of less than 6%, primarily attributable to effective and sustained family planning policies. The Southern States also surpassed the national averages in critical social indicators, including female literacy, maternal health, infant mortality, and urban development. However, these accomplishments paradoxically led to a reduced proportion of representation in the Lok Sabha, as determined by the population-linked seat allocation formula.
7. In accordance with the census results, the Union enacted the Representation of the People (Delimitation and Readjustment) Ordinance, 2027, which was subsequently codified into a statute bearing the same title. The Delimitation Commission, comprising a retired Supreme Court judge serving as Chairperson, the Chief Election Commissioner, and four members nominated by the Union Government, commenced the process of redrawing the Lok Sabha constituencies. In its draft report, the Commission recommended increasing the total number of Lok Sabha seats from 545 to 601, allocating nearly all of the newly established seats to high-growth States in the Northern and Central regions.
8. Although no existing State formally lost seats, the proportional representation of Southern States in the Lok Sabha was significantly reduced. For instance, the average constituency population in the Southern State, like Dravida Nadu, increased to 3.2 million, whereas in the Northern State, like Aryavarta, it remained at 1.4 million. Critics have observed that this disparity implies that a citizen’s vote in Dravida Nadu now holds less than half the value of a vote in Aryavarta. Furthermore, the Delimitation Commission’s redistributing efforts disproportionately

fragmented urban and minority-populated constituencies within the southern States, thereby raising concerns regarding gerrymandering and vote dilution.

9. Civil society organisations, legal scholars, and regional political leaders condemned the entire exercise as a manipulation of the constitutional process for partisan advantage. They asserted that the Union intentionally postponed the census until after 2026 to exploit the delimitation trigger under Article 82, thereby reconfiguring political representation to favour certain interests in time for the 2029 general elections. Many contended that the process penalised States that had adhered to longstanding national population policies and rewarded those that had neglected such measures, thereby reversing principles of constitutional justice and developmental rationality.
10. The States of Dravida Nadu, Kudagu Desam, Telinga Raj, Keranad, and Visakha Nadu collectively petitioned the Hon'ble Supreme Court of Vindhya under Article 32 in the State of Dravida Nadu & Ors v. Union of Vindhya & Anr WP (C) No. 194 of 2028, submitting a writ petition to challenge the constitutionality and validity of the Representation of the People (Delimitation and Readjustment) Act, 2027, along with the Delimitation Commission's recommendations. The petitioners argued that the Union's actions constituted a deception and fraud upon the Constitution and that the postponed census, conducted with the intention of facilitating post-2026 delimitation, breached the principles of constitutional morality, democratic integrity, and cooperative federalism. They maintained that this exercise not only diminished their influence in national governance but also adversely affected inter-governmental negotiations, fiscal allocations, and policy development in sectors such as education, health, and infrastructure.
11. The petitioners further asserted that the alteration in proportional representation contravenes the right to equality as protected under Article 14, the right to substantive political participation as articulated in Article 21, and the principle of equal suffrage articulated in Article 326. They invoked the doctrine of basic structure, asserting that the delimitation undermines federalism, democracy, and constitutional accountability. Additionally, they challenged the finality clause under Article 329(a), contending that it cannot be construed as excluding judicial review in cases where the process is compromised by mala fides or constitutional malfeasance.
12. In response, the Union of Vindhya asserted that the census was conducted in goodfaith and in compliance with administrative norms and public health realities. It

contended that Article 82 mandates delimitation after the first post-2026 census and that the 2027 census legally and constitutionally fulfilled this requirement. The Union maintained that population is the most objective and democratic basis for parliamentary representation and that no State had suffered a formal loss of seats. The Delimitation Commission, it argued, was an independent statutory body whose recommendations are insulated from judicial review under Article 329(a).

13. The Election Commission of Vindhya, impleaded as a respondent, maintained a neutral stance but sought the Court's guidance regarding whether such an exercise of authority can be challenged on constitutional grounds, especially when it impacts electoral equity, inter-generational justice, and democratic legitimacy.
14. The matter has now been admitted by a Constitution Bench of the Supreme Court of Vindhya in the case of *State of Dravida Nadu & Ors v. Union of Vindhya & Anr WP (C) No. 194 of 2028*. The following issues, among others, arise for adjudication:
  - Whether the Union's conduct in delaying the 2021 Census and initiating delimitation based on the 2027 Census constitute an abuse of constitutional discretion and breaches the principles of constitutional morality?
  - Whether the Representation of the People (Delimitation and Readjustment) Act, 2027, and the measures undertaken by the Delimitation Commission, encroach upon the rights conferred by Articles 14, 21, and 326 of the Constitution?
  - Whether the alteration in parliamentary proportionality compromises the federal framework and infringes upon the fundamental principles of the Constitution, including democracy, federalism, and the rule of law?
  - Whether the actions of the Delimitation Commission are open to judicial review despite the prohibition under Article 329(a), especially in cases where allegations of constitutional subversion and violation of the federal principle, which is the basic structure of the constitution, are involved?

The legal and policy landscape of the Republic of Vindhya is in *pari materia* to that of the Republic of India. Participants are at liberty to frame additional issues or sub-issues based on the facts and constitutional principles involved. The decisional practices, jurisprudence, and interpretative guidelines of other common law jurisdictions hold significant persuasive value in the courts of Vindhya.

# RULES OF THE COMPETITION

## 01. The Competition Dates and Mode

- The 1<sup>st</sup> National Moot Court Competition, 2025, will be held on **25.09.2025 to 27.09.2025**.
- The Preliminary and Quarter-Final Rounds shall be conducted on **26.09.2025**
- The Semi-Final & Final Rounds shall be conducted on **27.09.2025** at KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

## 02. Language

The official language of the Competition shall be English.

## 03. Eligibility

Open to students pursuing a **three-year or five-year LL.B. / B.A. LL.B. degree course** from any recognised College, University, or Law School, subject to fulfilment of registration formalities.

## 04. Team Composition

- 4.1. Each Team shall consist of three members.
- 4.2. Teams must include not more than two Speakers and one Researcher.

## 05. Registration

5.1. Teams from each Participating Institution must fill out the Registration Form (Google Form) at: <https://forms.gle/3LDWCrfKWhkLhaTC8> to confirm participation. (Registration fee is non-refundable under any circumstances).



### Scan the QR Code

5.2. The Registration fee of **₹2,000/- (Rupees Two thousand only)** per team shall be paid via Google Pay/ PhonePe/Paytm on UPI ID:

[MSKMCCOLLEGEOLAW.easyapay@icici](mailto:MSKMCCOLLEGEOLAW.easyapay@icici)

**For Bank transfers use the following information:**

Name: KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

Account Number: 492401000025

IFSC Code: ICIC0004924

Bank: ICICI Bank

Branch: Dharapuram Road, Tirupur.

Attach the screenshot/photo of your completed payment with **UPI ID and Transaction details / Bank Deposit** while filling the registration form.

- 5.3. Fees must be paid online; teams will be registered only upon receipt of payment.
- 5.4. On registration, each Team will receive a Team Code via official E-mail ID.
- 5.5. Registration closes on 2<sup>nd</sup> September 2025. No further extensions will be provided.
- 5.6. Details provided during registration are final and will be used for certificates and awards.
- 5.7. No changes in Speakers/Researcher allowed post-registration.
- 5.8. Speaker order cannot be changed inside the Court Hall. It must be as per the registration.
- 5.9. Multiple teams from the same institution are permitted to register and participate in the competition.

## 06. Orientation, Research Test, Memorial Submission

- 6.1. **Orientation:** There will be an Orientation Program for all the participants on 25<sup>th</sup> September 2025 followed by drawing of lots and Researcher Test. Team codes and side will be allotted during the orientation only. And the fixtures will be decided therein.
- 6.2. **Researcher Test:** The Researcher test shall be held after orientation and code allotment. The duration shall be 25 minutes with 20 MCQ question to be answered by the researcher of each respective team. Correct answer carries 1 mark. Results will be declared in the Valedictory function.
- 6.3. **Memorial Submission:** Soft copies of memorials in pdf format must be emailed to [mca@kmclawcollege.edu.in](mailto:mca@kmclawcollege.edu.in) by 11.59 p.m. on or before 15<sup>th</sup> September 2025. On late submission 1 point penalty per side (Applicant & Respondent) for every 12-hour delay, up to 24 hours. No further extensions shall be given. Each team must also send 5 hard copies of the memorial for both the sides, on or before 20<sup>th</sup> September 2025. No excuses in respect of delayed post services shall be entertained. If the memorials are not submitted within time, it shall be

deemed that the participation is withdrawn by the team. **Only memorials submitted as per Rule 6.3 will be evaluated.**

## 07. Oral Rounds

- 7.1. Participants must not reveal their names during oral rounds; use only Team Code.
- 7.2. There shall be two preliminary rounds, a quarter-final round, a semi-final round and a final round. If the number of Teams participating is less than 12, there shall be no quarter-final round.
- 7.3. Participants must wear formal attire with blazers.
- 7.4. Oral round conduct:
  - 7.4.1. Each round lasts 90 minutes. Applicant/s and Respondent/s are each allotted forty-five (45) minutes.
  - 7.4.2. No speaker may exceed 25 minutes (incl. rebuttal/sur-rebuttal).
  - 7.4.3. Unused time cannot be transferred.
  - 7.4.4. Judges may, at their discretion, extend total Team argument beyond the forty-five (45) minute allocation.
  - 7.4.5. Teams can reserve up to 10 minutes for rebuttal/sur-rebuttal.
  - 7.4.6. The arguments should be confined to the issues presented in the memorial.
  - 7.4.7. The Researcher needs to be present with the Speakers during the oral arguments.
  - 7.4.8. Oral rounds scored out of 100 points per speaker.
  - 7.4.9. **Judging Criteria:**
    - Knowledge of Law – 20 points
    - Application of Law to Facts: 20 points
    - Ingenuity & Response: 20 points
    - Style, Poise, Demeanor & Courtesy: 20 points
    - Time Management: 10 points
    - Organization: 10 points
    - Only the Oral Communications described in Rule 7.4 are permitted.
    - Oral Courtroom Communication and Activity at the Counsel
- 7.5. Only the Oral Communications described in **Rule 8.4 are permitted.**
- 7.6. **Oral Courtroom Communication and Activity at the Counsel Table:**

Communication at the Counsel Table between Team Members may only be in writing to prevent disruption. Team and Team-affiliated spectators shall avoid all unnecessary noise, outbursts, or other inappropriate behaviour which may

distract the Court from the arguments in progress. Any such incident, if reported by the presiding Judges, shall lead to disqualification.

#### **7.7. Written Courtroom Communication:**

Written Communication during the Oral Rounds shall be limited to the Team members sitting at the counsel table. No other written communication may take place between any combinations of the following parties: judges, the oralist, Team Members sitting at the counsel table, or spectators (including Team Members sitting in the audience). Violation of the Rule will lead to disqualification.

## **08. Preliminary & Quarter-final Rounds**

- 8.1. Lots are drawn post-orientation.
- 8.2. Two preliminary rounds per team.
- 8.3. Teams will not face the same opponent twice in preliminaries.
- 8.4. Judges' bench rotation to avoid repeat benches.
- 8.5. Top 8 teams (based on oral scores) qualify for Quarter-Finals.
- 8.6. In case of ties, the higher memorial score breaks ties.
- 8.7. Quarter-Finals are knockout; memorial scores not carried forward.

## **09. Semi Finals and Final**

- 9.1. Both are knockout rounds.
- 9.2. Memorial scores not added to the scores of Semi-Final and Final Rounds.

## **10. Scoring and Results**

- 10.1. Memorials scored out of 50 by each judge.
- 10.2. Oralists scored out of 100 by each judge.
- 10.3. Results will be announced after each Round.
- 10.4. The Result of the Final Round shall be announced at the Valedictory ceremony.

## **11. Memorials**

The following guidelines must be strictly followed for the memorials. Non-compliance will entail penalties as provided below:

- 11.1. Teams must prepare memorials for both sides.
- 11.2. All soft copies must be in PDF (Portable Document Format) only. Any other file extension will entail a penalty of 2 points. Attachments should be titled as <Team Code> <P> for Petitioner side and as <Team Code> <R> for Respondent

side. E.g., 30P and 30R. Each Team must ensure that the subject of the e-mail reads “Memorial Submission by Team Code”.

- 11.3.** The Teams are required to submit soft copies of the memorial for each side on or before the deadline. Delay would entail a penalty as per Rule 6.
- 11.4.** Teams must not disclose the identity of their College/University anywhere in the Memorial. Team Code assigned to each Team shall be mentioned at the top right corner of the cover page of the memorial.
- 11.5.** The Team shall not disclose or mention their identity, including the name of their institution, other than in the Registration Form. Non-compliance with this Rule will entail penalties which may extend to disqualification.
- 11.6.** The content of the Hard Copies must be the same as that of the soft copies. Non-compliance with this Rule will entail penalties which may extend to disqualification.
- 11.7.** The memorials have to be submitted on A4 size paper, printed on only one side, and must contain the following sections:
- Cover Page;
  - Table of Contents;
  - Index of Authorities;
  - Statement of Jurisdiction;
  - Statement of Facts;
  - Statement of Issues;
  - Summary of Arguments;
  - Arguments Advanced; and
  - Prayer

Non-compliance with this Rule with respect to sections (i) to (vii) and (ix) will result in a penalty of 1 point per missing section. Non-compliance with the Rule with respect to section (viii) will result in the Memorial not being considered for evaluation at all.

- 11.8.** The Memorials must be printed in Times New Roman font, font size 12 with 1.5-line spacing. All paragraphs must be justified aligned. The footnotes must be in Times New Roman font, font size 10 with single line spacing. The arguments advanced should not exceed 15 pages. The memorial as a whole should not exceed 30 pages including the cover page. The memorials should have one inch margin on all sides of each page. The numbering should be on the bottom and centre of each page. The Applicant memorial cover page shall be printed on blue colour A4 size paper, and the Respondent memorial on red colour A4 size paper. A uniform style of citation, according to Bluebook 21<sup>st</sup> Edition should be followed throughout the memorial. Non-compliance would result in a

penalty of maximum of 10 points.

- 11.9.** The maximum scores for the memorial shall be 100 points. The memorials shall be evaluated on the following criteria:
- Knowledge of Law and Facts: 25 points
  - Proper and Articulate Analysis: 25 points
  - Extent and use of Research: 20 points
  - Clarity and Organization: 20 points
  - Grammar and Style: 10 points

## 12. Judges and Eligibility

- 12.1.** The Chairperson will determine the eligibility of persons to serve as Judges
- 12.2.** Unless expressly permitted or approved by the Chairperson, Team Advisors, or others directly affiliated with a Team, may not act as Judges in any Round until the Team they advise has been eliminated from the Competition.
- 12.3.** Affiliations which Do Not Constitute Conflict of Interest: The difference between a mere Affiliation and a Conflict of Interest is the reasonable inference of partiality. (In the absence of additional facts)

## 13. Anonymity of Teams

- 13.1.** Judges must not try to identify team schools. However, in circumstances where the judge believes his or her evaluation of a particular Memorial would be affected by knowledge of whether or not the primary language used by the Team Members in their legal studies is English, the judge may request the KMC MCA Convener to reveal this information.

## 14. Oral Round Conflicts of Interest

### **14.1. Oral round conduct:**

- 14.1.1.** With respect to a given Oral Round, an “Affiliation” means a personal or professional relationship between a judge and a school, coach, or Team member that is participating in the competition in which the judge is participating.
- 14.1.2.** With respect to a given Oral Round, a “Conflict of Interest” means an Affiliation which would, in the eyes of a reasonable observer, create an inference that the affiliated judge would be unable to be impartial as to the conduct or result of the Oral Round.

### **14.2. Prohibition and Mitigation of Conflict of Interest:**

The Convener should avoid placing a judge in an Oral Round in which he or she

has a Conflict of Interest. In the event, if the Convener is unable to avoid a Conflict of Interest, the Convener should take responsible steps to mitigate the effects of the conflict on the Oral Round. Such steps might include:

- 14.2.1.** Obtaining a waiver from both Teams in the Oral Round
- 14.2.2.** Informing the other members of the panel of the judge's affiliation
- 14.2.3.** Adding to the panel a judge with a proportional Affiliation with the opposing Team, and
- 14.2.4.** Assigning a neutral official to observe the Oral Round and the subsequent deliberations to determine whether the Conflict of Interest affected the outcome of the Oral Round.

**14.3. Waiver by Consent of Both Teams:** Any Conflict of Interest shall be cured by the express oral or written waiver, either before or after the Oral Round, of both Teams. In this event, neither Team may later file an appeal or other complaint on the basis of Conflict of Interest. In Addition:

- 14.3.1.** If a Team is aware of an Affiliation before the commencement of an Oral Round and fails to report it, before the Oral Round begins, it shall be deemed to have waived the Conflict of Interest.
- 14.3.2.** If a Team becomes aware of an Affiliation after the completion of an Oral Round and fails to report before the completion of the Tournament, it shall be deemed to have waived the Conflict of Interest.

**14.4. Prophylactic Avoidance of Conflicts:** It is the duty of a judge to report any Affiliations at the time he or she registers to judge or, subsequently, directly to the Convener in advance of the Competition. The Convener shall investigate any alleged Affiliation (whether self-reported by a judge or otherwise) and shall determine whether such Affiliation constitutes a Conflict of Interest.

**14.5. Reporting Obligation of Teams:** If a Team believes that an Affiliation exists which may form the basis of a Conflict of Interest, it shall promptly inform the Convener. The Convener shall take appropriate steps to investigate and, if he or she determines that a Conflict of Interest exists, to eliminate or mitigate such Conflict of Interest. The Team's failure to timely inform the Convener will constitute waiver under Rule 14.3.

## 15. Scouting

**15.1.** No member of any Team will be permitted to hear the arguments in any Court Room in which that Team is not one of the contesting teams whilst that Team is still in the Competition. Scouting by any Team in any manner shall result in instant disqualification.

## 16. Awards and Prizes

- 16.1. Winning Team Award:** A Trophy, Cash prize of **Rs. 15,000** & Certificate.
- 16.2. Runner-up Award:** A Trophy, Cash prize of **Rs. 10,000** & Certificate.
- 16.3. Best Memorial:** A Trophy, Cash prize of **Rs. 5,000** & Certificate.
- 16.4. Best Researcher:** A Trophy, Cash prize of **Rs. 5,000** & Certificate.
- 16.5. Best Speaker:** A Trophy, Cash prize of **Rs. 5,000** & Certificate.
- 16.6. Second Best Speaker/Researcher/Memorial:** Certificate only.
- 16.7.** Participation Certificates will be distributed only at the Valedictory function. The Participants should be present till the conclusion of the Valedictory function.
- 16.8.** No merit certificates for quarter- finalists and semi-finalists.

## 17. Finality of Judges' Decisions

- 17.1.** All decisions made by judges shall be final and binding.

## 18. Accommodation, Food & Transport

- 18.1.** Accommodation and Food will be provided during competition dates.
- 18.2.** No TA/DA will be provided.
- 18.3.** Each team gets an Usher who shall be the single point of contact for the Team with regard to the Moot Court Competition. The Usher will also intimate the Team on the accommodation provided to them.

## 19. Moot Proposition Clarifications

- 19.1.** Queries should be emailed to [mca@kmclawcollege.edu.in](mailto:mca@kmclawcollege.edu.in) by **5<sup>th</sup> September 2025**.

## 20. Audio/ Video Recording

- 20.1.** Audio and Videotaping of the Court Room proceedings is strictly prohibited; violation leads to disqualification.

## 21. Electronic Devices

- 21.1.** During an Oral Round, Oralists at the podium and participants seated at the counsel table may not operate, for any purpose, mobile phones, laptops, PDAs,

or any other electronic devices, particularly those with internet connectivity, or have instant messaging capabilities. All such devices, including mobile phones, must be turned off and removed from sight as Judges enter the room, and must remain switched off and out of sight until the conclusion of the Oral Round. A Team that violates this Rule forfeits up to thirty Oral Round Points.

## 22. Online Platform Rules

- 22.1.** In the circumstance wherein it is not possible to conduct the Quarter Final, Semi Final and Finals physically, the event will be conducted virtually. The rules and regulations regarding the same will be intimated to the teams' official e-mail id.

## 23. Dress Code

- 23.1.** Formal attire only; no robes or collar bands permitted.
- 23.2.** The official dress code required: Black Trousers, White Shirt, Black Blazer, Formal Shoes; and Black Tie (optional).

## 24. Copyright

- 24.1.** The copyright over the memorials submitted for participation in the competition is assigned by participants and shall also vest completely and fully in the KMC College of Law, Tirupur. The participants shall certify in writing the originality of materials contained therein and shall be responsible for any claim or dispute arising out of the further use and exhibition of these materials. Participants certify originality and accept responsibility.
- 24.2.** A copy of the Originality Declaration form and Copyright Transfer form will be sent to the official mail of all registered teams after the registration closes.

# IMPORTANT DATES

Registration Deadline: **2<sup>nd</sup> September 2025**

Moot Proposition Clarification: **5<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

Memorial Submission (Soft Copy): **17<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

Memorial Submission (5 Hard Copies on both sides): **20<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

Orientation & Researcher Test: **25<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

Preliminary / Quarter Final Rounds: **26<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

Semi-Final / Final Rounds: **27<sup>th</sup> September 2025**

## PATRONS

**Smt. G. Aruna Sreedevi**

**Correspondent**

KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

**Ms. G. Gnana Varsheni**

**Secretary**

KMC College of Law, Tirupur

## CHAIRPERSON

**Prof. (Dr). M.S. Soundara Pandian**

**Principal**

KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

## CONVENOR

**Prof. E.A. Vidhyabharathi**

**Assistant Professor**

KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

## CO-CONVENOR

**Prof. L. Geethanjale**

**Assistant Professor**

KMC College of Law, Tirupur.

## ORGANISING COMMITTEE

**Prof. Akhila V**

**Assistant Professor**

**Prof. Priyanga S**

**Assistant Professor**

**Prof. Shakthi Jayanth S**

**Assistant Professor**

# CONTACT INFORMATION

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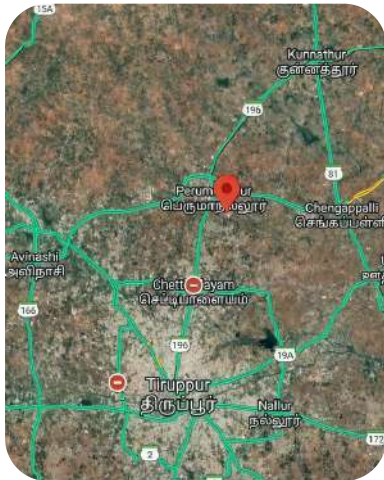
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